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PARTICIPANTS

- 1. Daniela da Câmara Pacheco Safety
- 2. Daniela Gomes Schmidt Mechanical
- 3. Filipe Castello da Costa Beltrão Diniz Engineering Design Automation
- 4. Gabriel Taffarel e Silva Marine Systems
- 5. Bruno Ferreira Process
- 6. Flavius Vinicius Caetano Bezerra Electrical
- 7. Jordana Luiza Barbosa da Costa Veiga Piping and Valves
- 8. Rafael José Gonçalves Pereira Automation and Instrumentation
- 9. Robson dos Santos Gonçalves Telecommunication
- 10. Renato Ramos Gonzaga Subsea

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1. OBJECTIVE

This technical specification establishes the conditions required for the identification of different items and components belonging to a Production Unit in all documents, software, database, and circumstances when these items appear.

This document covers the following disciplines: Process, Piping, Safety, Mechanical, HVAC, Automation, Electrical, Marine Systems, Telecommunication and Subsea.

It is expected, as a benefit of the application of this tagging standard, the possibility of better identification of interferences, extraction of consistency reports between P&IDs, D&IDs and 3D model, extraction of reports in the basic design phase and Construction & Assembly, and benefits in the operation phase, since most of the elements will be traceable.

2. ABBREVIATION AND ACRONYMS

Tagging – act of identification of an equipment or component

3D model – Database which describes engineering objects defining their position, shape, dimensions and properties

ADV - Automatic Deluge Valve

AFDS - Addressable Fire Detection System

BDV - Blowdown Valve

CAE - Computer Aided Engineering

D&ID - Duct and Instrument Diagram

E&P - Exploration and Production

ESD-2 - Emergency Shutdown level 2

FPSO - Floating Production, Storage and Offloading

HPU - Hydraulic Power Unit

HVAC - Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning

IS - Intrinsically Safe

MCT - Multi-Cable-Transit

MPS - Machinery Protection System

JB - Junction Box

P&ID - Piping and Instrument Diagram

PLC - Programmable Logic Controller

PSV - Pressure Safety Valve

SDV - Shutdown Valve

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3. REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

3.1. Petrobras Documents

EXHIBIT III- APPENDIX III - Structure of The Buyer Code Number System

3.2. Other Documents

ISA-5.1 2009 – Instrumentation Symbols and Identification

API RP 14C – Recommended Practice for Analysis, Design, Installation and Testing of Basic Surface Safety Systems for Offshore Production Platforms



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4. PROCESS

Identification TAGs of Process equipment shall be defined according to requirements of item "15 ANNEX 1 – TAGGING REQUIREMENTS and considering alternative of "System number/area of activity" described in EXHIBIT III.

This Standard establishes the conditions required for the identification of equipment belonging to industrial facilities of PETROBRAS.

This Standard does not apply to measurement and control instruments nor to piping items. For these items, refer to Automation and Piping sections.

In all documents pertaining to an industrial equipment or in documents where reference is made to an industrial equipment, the industrial equipment shall be identified according to item "15 ANNEX 1 – TAGGING REQUIREMENTS".

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5. PIPING

5.1. Piping Tagging

All piping and process tubing in project shall be identified according to the coding system determined in this technical specification. The piping shall be fully identified in all engineering document with its complete identification, which shall be identified physically in piping (painted or using a strip). This identification includes piping in skid and packages.

The identification is an alphanumeric tagging system composed by five groups of information horizontally disposed and separated by a hyphen with no space, as follows:

A-B-C-D-E

where:

A – Nominal Pipe Size

It is the number that represents the nominal pipe size as defined in ASME B36.10M and ASME B36.19M and API SPEC L followed by the double prime symbol (") representative of inch unit, never two (') prime symbols. For piping with more than one diameter, each diameter shall be represented in the corresponding section of the piping and instrumentation diagram (P&ID), piping plan and other piping documents, except for the piping data sheet (line list) that all piping diameters shall be indicated. The sequential numbering shall not be modified for diameter changes in the same piping.

Non-Integer Nominal Pipe Sizes shall be written as Fractions using a dash ("—") to separate the integer part from the fraction, if necessary. Example: 1/2, 3/4, 1-1/2, 2-1/2.

B – Fluid Service Symbols

It is a symbolic representation of the fluid service that will flow by the piping. A suggested symbology of each fluid service is presented in item "16 ANNEX 2 – FLUID SERVICE AND MATERIAL CODES", for naval systems and process fluids.

C – Piping Material Specification Code

It is a symbolic notation indicating the piping material specification (PMS). This symbolic notation is given by this document in item 5.3 and used in the Piping Material Specification supplied by BUYER or, in exceptional cases, the PMS and its code can be proposed by SELLER and shall be approved by BUYER.

D – Sequential Numbering of Line

Shall consist of sequential number containing exactly 4 digits. The sequential numbering system shall be unique for each service. For example: 1/2"-P-B10-0010 (P-0010) and 8"-P-B14-0010 (P-0010) is not allowed. For example: 6"-P-B10-0010 (P-0010) and 8"-P-B10-0010 (P-0010) is allowed as the same piping.



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E – Insulation

It is a symbolic notation indicating thermal insulation, as a suggestion:

PP – Personal Protection

HC – Heat Conservation

CC – Cold Conservation

NI – Not Insulated (Absence of insulation shall always be represented by an information, never by an absence of data or dash "-")

ET – Electrical Trace

- 5.1.1. The sequential number shall be changed whenever a piping has change in the fluid service or in the piping material specification and it shall be considered as another piping.
- 5.1.2. The identification shall not be changed when there is only a change in diameter and/or insulation. For lines with more than one diameter, each diameter must be represented in the corresponding section of the P&ID, pipeline plan and other piping documents. In the piping data sheet (line list), all the diameters shall be indicated in ascending order.
- 5.1.3. In the event of a piping be cancelled, its identification shall no longer be used for another piping.

Example of Piping TAG

1-1/2"-P-B10-0010-HC

Nominal Pipe Size: 1 1/2 inch

Fluid Service: P - Process

Piping Material Specification: B10

Sequential Numbering: 0010 **Insulation:** Heat Conservation

5.2. Pipeline Tagging for 3D Modelling

For 3D modelling, where Pipeline tagging is also required, it shall consist only two groups of information: Service and Sequential Number, from the Piping Identification as defined in "5.1 Piping Tagging" for each piping.

B-D

Additional information regarding nominal pipe size, piping material specification and insulation shall be associated with the piperun.

For the Piping Tag 1-1/2"-P-B10-0010-HC, an example of its pipeline tag:

P-0010

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Service: Process (non-corrosive Hydrocarbon)

Sequential Numbering: 0010

5.3. Piping Material Specification Code

It is a symbolic notation indicating the piping material specification (PMS).

Piping material specification supplied by BUYER is identified by an alphanumeric code composed by three groups of information horizontally disposed with no separation and no space, as follows:

XYYZ

X – Pressure Class or Type

It is a letter that represents the pressure class or type, as proposed in item "16 ANNEX 2 – FLUID SERVICE AND MATERIAL CODES".

YY - Material

It is a group with one or two digits that represents the piping base material, as proposed in item "16 ANNEX 2 – FLUID SERVICE AND MATERIAL CODES".

Z – Other Characteristics

It is a group with one letter that represents a characteristic from piping specification material. Piping material specification for naval systems shall use the letter H, for other characteristics see item "16 ANNEX 2 – FLUID SERVICE AND MATERIAL CODES".

Example of Piping TAG

B10

Pressure Class or Type: B (class 150)

Material: 10 (Carbon Steel API 5L, 1,6mm)

Other Characteristics: Not applicable

C₃H

Pressure Class or Type: C (class 300)

Material: 3 (Stainless Steel 316L)
Other Characteristics: H (Hull)

5.4. Piping fittings Tagging

For piping identification, Piping Fittings are:

Valves

Special Items

Chemical Injection Points (CIP)



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For fittings the identification is an alphanumeric tagging system composed by three groups of information horizontally disposed and separated by a hyphen with no space, as follows:

(A)(-)(B)(C)

Where:

(A) = According to the fitting type, as follows:

"VALV" for non-instrumented valves. For instrumented valves see chapter 9-AUTOMATION

"ESP" for special items (piping specialties)

"CIP" for chemical injection points

(-) = hyphen

(B) = area/system (according to EXHIBIT III) and

(C) = sequential code (four digit)

Example of non-instrumented valve tag

VALV-12540001

VALV: Not instrumented valve 1254: CO₂ gas injection system 0001: Sequential Numbering

Example of special item tag

ESP-12540001

ESP: Special Item

1254: CO₂ gas injection system

0001: Sequential Numbering

As special item shall be considered Spectacle blinds, Spacers, Paddle Blanks (Spades), Restriction Orifice, Orifice Plate, Quick connection, Conical filters, T filters, Y filters, Spools, Expansion Joints, Strainers, Connections, Hose, sampling points and other special Items (piping special items not listed previously).

5.5. Tagging procedure for topsides pipe supports

For topsides pipe supports the identification is an alphanumeric tagging system composed by three groups of information horizontally disposed and separated by a hyphen with no space, as follows:

(A)(-)(B)(-)(C)

Where:

(A) = Support type (abbreviation); according to **Table 5-1**

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(-) = hyphen

(B) = Support Module Location (abbreviation)

(-) = hyphen

(C) = Sequential code (four digits)

Example of topside pipe support: **SP–M07-0001**

SP: Standard Support M07: FPSO Module 07

0001: Sequential Numbering.

*NOTES:

For FPSO modules (including pipe-rack), the abbreviation shall be composed by the letter M and two sequential digits.

Table 5-1- Support type abbreviation

Support Type	Abbreviation
Standard Support	SP
Special Support	SE
Spring Support	SM

5.6. Tagging procedure for hull pipe support

For hull pipe supports the identification is an alphanumeric tagging system composed by five groups of information horizontally disposed and separated by a hyphen with no space, as follows:

$$(A)(-)(B)(-)(C)(-)(D)(-)(E)$$

Where:

- (A) = Support type (abbreviation); according to **Table 5-1**
- (-) = hyphen
- (B) = Hull Region (abbreviation); according to **Table 5-2**
- (-) = hyphen
- (C) = Frame number (three digits), according to Hull design
- (-) = hyphen
- (D) = Hull side according to **Table 5-3**
- (-) = hyphen
- (E) = Sequential code (four digits)



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Table 5-2 - Hull Region Abbreviation

Hull Region	Abbreviation
Poop Deck and Aft Region	AR
Accomodation	AC
Main Deck	MD
Fore Castle Deck and Fwd Region	FR
Engine Room	ER
Pump Room / Cofferdam	PR
Cargo Area	CA
Fwd Peak Tank	FP

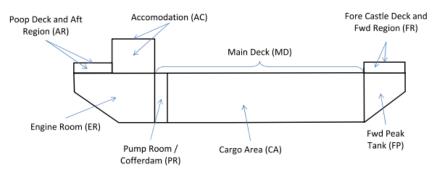


Figure 5.1 - Hull Regions

Example of hull pipe support: SP-MD-125-PS-0001

SP: Standard Support

MD: FPSO Main Deck

125: Frame number

PS: Portside

0001: Sequential (four numbers).

Table 5-3 - Hull Side

Hull Side	Abbreviation
Portside	PS
Starboard	SB



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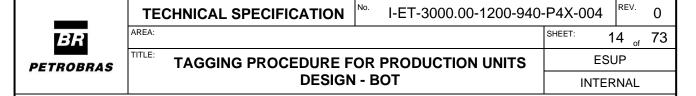
6. SAFETY

Identification TAGs of Process equipment shall be defined according to requirements of item "15 ANNEX 1 – TAGGING REQUIREMENTS" and considering alternative of "System number/area of activity" described in EXHIBIT III.

This Standard establishes the conditions required for the identification of equipment belonging to industrial facilities of PETROBRAS.

This Standard does not apply to measurement and control instruments nor to piping items. For these items, refer to Automation and Piping sections.

In all documents pertaining to an industrial equipment or in documents where reference is made to an industrial equipment, the industrial equipment shall be identified according to item "15 ANNEX 1 – TAGGING REQUIREMENTS".



7. MECHANICAL

Identification TAGs of Mechanical equipment shall be defined according to requirements of item "15 ANNEX 1 – TAGGING REQUIREMENTS" and considering alternative of "System number/area of activity" described in EXHIBIT III.

This Standard establishes the conditions required for the identification of equipment belonging to industrial facilities of PETROBRAS.

This Standard does not apply to measurement and control instruments nor to piping items. For these items, refer to Automation and Piping sections.

In all documents pertaining to an industrial equipment or in documents where reference is made to an industrial equipment, the industrial equipment shall be identified according to item "15 ANNEX 1 – TAGGING REQUIREMENTS".



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8. HVAC

8.1. Equipment

Identification TAGs of HVAC equipment shall be defined according to requirements of item "15 ANNEX 1 – TAGGING REQUIREMENTS" and considering alternative of "System number/area of activity" described in EXHIBIT III.

All observations about process equipment are also valid.

8.2. Ducts

All ducts shall be individually identified by an alphanumeric combination of 5 (five) elements **A-B-C-D-E** where:

- A Service identification;
- B Served Equipment TAG sequential;
- C Duct System Sequential identification;
- D Duct Run Sequential identification (only for 3D model);
- E Part number Sequential identification (only for 3D model);

As detailed in Sections 8.2.1 to 8.2.5.

8.2.1. Service Identification

AC: Air Conditioning supply;

RTN: Air Conditioning machines return;

AE: Outside air intake for air conditioning machines;

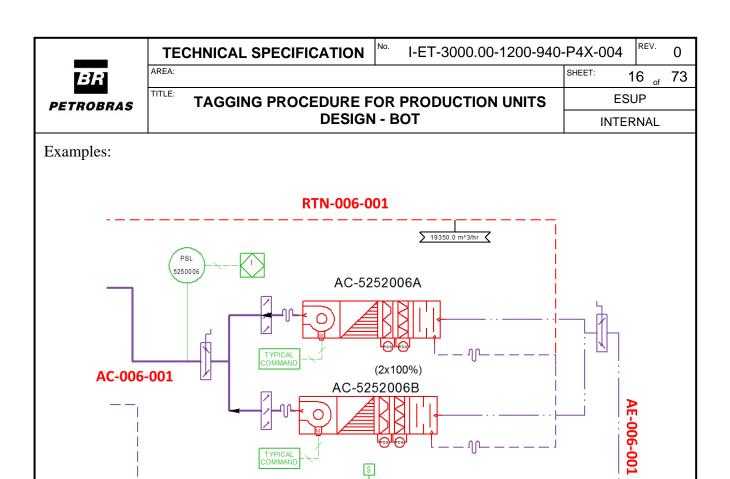
INS: Fan supply;

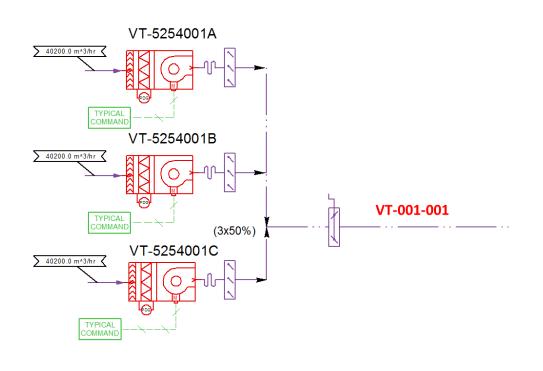
EXT: Fan exhaust:

ENT: Duct branch, for air intake, not connected to HVAC equipment;

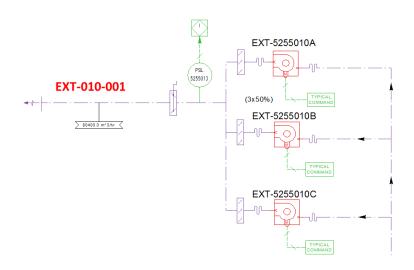
SAI: Duct branch, for exhaust, not connected to HVAC equipment.

- 8.2.2. Sequential identification of the equipment (or redundant equipment group) served by the system. When dealing with air intake or exhaust duct branches, not connected to any HVAC equipment, this item shall be fulfilled with '000'.
- 8.2.3. Sequential: alphanumeric combination of 3 digits, as defined in item 8.3.
- 8.2.4. Sequential: alphanumeric combination of 3 digits, as defined in item 8.4.
- 8.2.5. Sequential: alphanumeric combination of 3 digits, as defined in item 8.4.





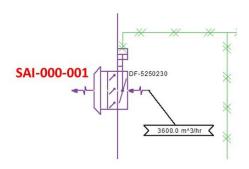


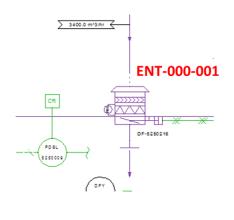


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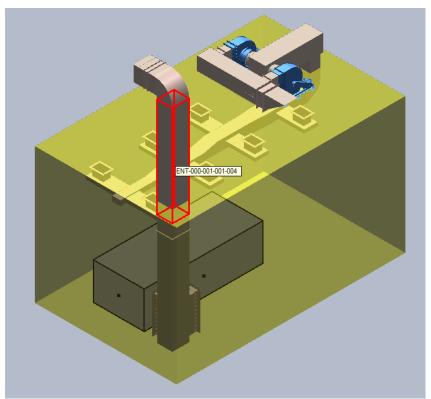
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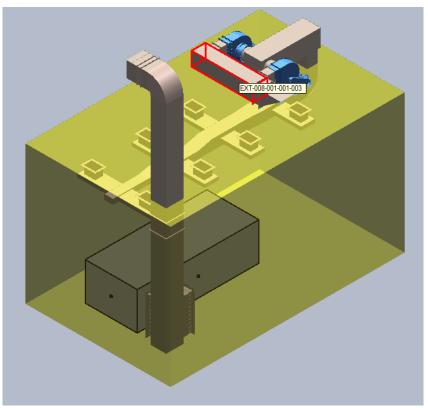






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8.3. Rules for Sequential definition (D&IDs)

- 8.3.1. For ducts connected to supply fans
 - sequential 001 shall start at fan discharge
 - For redundant equipment, sequential 001 shall be used for both "A" equipment and "B" equipment initial duct
 - Sequential number 001 shall be the same for one duct line chosen that will finish in an ambient
 - Every branch from the 001 duct system shall have a new sequential number that will represent also a duct line chosen that will finish in an ambient
 - And so the rule will be applied to all branches
 - After defining sequential numbers for discharge ducts, the same procedure shall be used for fan suction branches, respecting the last sequential used for supply fans
- 8.3.2. For ducts connected to exhaust fans
 - sequential 001 shall start at fan suction
 - For redundant equipment, sequential 001 shall be used for both "A" equipment and "B" equipment initial duct
 - Sequential number 001 shall be the same for one duct line chosen that will finish in an ambient
 - Every branch from the 001 duct system shall have a new sequential number that will represent also a duct line chosen that will finish in an ambient
 - And so the rule will be applied to all branches
 - After defining sequential numbers for suction ducts, the same procedure shall be used for fan discharge branches, respecting the last sequential used for supply fans
- 8.3.3. For ducts connected to air condition supply system
 - sequential 001 shall start at machine discharge
 - For redundant equipment, sequential 001 shall be used for both "A" equipment and "B" equipment initial duct
 - Sequential number 001 shall be the same for one duct line chosen that will finish in an ambient
 - Every branch from the 001 duct system shall have a new sequential number that will represent also a duct line chosen that will finish in an ambient
 - And so the rule will be applied to all branches

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- 8.3.4. For ducts connected to air condition return system
 - sequential 001 shall start at machine mix section
 - For redundant equipment, sequential 001 shall be used for both "A" equipment and "B" equipment initial duct
 - Sequential number 001 shall be the same for one duct line chosen that will finish in an ambient
 - Every branch from the 001 duct system shall have a new sequential number that will represent also a duct line chosen that will finish in an ambient
 - And so the rule will be applied to all branches
- 8.3.5. For ducts connected to air condition outside air system
 - sequential 001 shall start at machine mix section (when available) or air intake
 - For redundant equipment, sequential 001 shall be used for both "A" equipment and "B" equipment initial duct
 - Sequential number 001 shall be the same for one duct line chosen that will finish at air intake
- 8.3.6. For duct branch, from air intake, not connected to HVAC equipment
 - sequential 001 shall start at air intake outside ambient
- 8.3.7. For duct branch, from exhaust, not connected to HVAC equipment
 - sequential 001 shall start at air intake inside ambient

8.4. Rules for Sequential definition (3D Model)

Any duct system defined in D&IDs may be split in as many as necessary duct runs which will have a sequential number as defined in item 8.2.

Sequential number shall be changed for different spools (branches between flanges).

Sequential number shall be changed after direction change fittings.

Sequential number shall be changed after branch fittings.

Sequential numbers for transition fittings shall follow the same rules of the ducts where they are assembled.

9. AUTOMATION

9.1. GENERAL

The purpose of this chapter is to establish the systematic that shall be adopted for the identification (Tagging, TAG) of all instrumentation items.

Prior to describing the TAGs, this chapter contains a section describing the existing and the adopted sequential tagging logic.

All TAGs shall be unique, i.e., the same TAG shall not be used to describe different equipment, instruments, mechanical components, and so on.

Package-units' instruments shall also abide to the rules of this document.

9.2. Sequential numbering logics

The sequential number is a set of 3 digits present in every loop and every instrument TAG. There are 2 possible ways to choose these digits, described in ISA 5.1 R1992. They are presented below.

9.2.1. Serial numbering

This logic states that the sequential number shall never be the same for every loop, regardless of the measured variable (first letter of the prefix).

Example:

Table 9-1 - Serial numbering logic

LOOP	Loop Instruments
T- 1223001	TIT-1223001, TV-1223001, TIC-1223001, TSH-1223001
P-1223002A	PIT-1223002A, PSH-1223002A, PSHH-1223002A
P-1223002B	PIT-1223002B, PSH-1223002B, PSHH-1223002B
L-1223003	LIT-1223003 LSH-1223003
T- 1223004	TIT-1223004, TV-1223004, TIC-1223004, TSH-1223004

Note that:

- the sequential numbers do not repeat themselves (except when used in combination with other letters).
- o In other words, when the sequential number is used with a certain measured variable, it may not be used again with a different measured variable.
- o In the example above: Once the loop T-1223001 has been created with the TIT-1223001 and other instruments in it, then the number 1223001 shall not be used for other variables (pressure, flow, and so on). That's why the first pressure loop has a sequential number of 1223002.
- Physical and virtual instruments shall have the same sequential number as the loop to which they belong.

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9.2.2. Parallel numbering

This logic allows the use of the same sequential number for different measured variables (first letter of the Prefix).

Example:

Table 9-2 - Parallel tagging logic

LOOP	Loop Instruments
T- 1223001	TIT-1223001, TV-1223001, TIC-1223001, TSH 1223001
P-1223001A	PIT-1223001A PSH-1223001A, PSHH-1223001A
P-1223001B	PIT-1223001B PSH-1223001B, PSHH-1223001B
L-1223001	LIT-1223001, LSH-1223001
T- 1223002	TIT-1223002, TV-1223002, TIC-1223002, TSH 1223002

Note that the sequential number repeats itself for different variables.

9.2.3. PETROBRAS sequential numbering

PETROBRAS adopts parallel tagging as its standard, with a few exceptions that use serial numbering, described below.

- Valves with Limit switches or position indicators
 - o Valves with limit switches and position indicators (generally SDV, BDV, ADV, XV, HV, AMV, SCSSV, other subsea valves) shall have serial numbering, to ensure that their accessories shall never have the same TAG. This is performed by setting the loop prefix "XV-" to all of these valves.
- Flow Measurement Loop or Multivariable Loop
- o In case a loop contains more than one measured variable, then the loop's sequential number shall not be repeated for the variables involved. Example 9.3.3.3 clarifies this rule.

PETROBRAS usually reserves the following Sequential numbers depending on the physical location of the instruments for production units:

- 001-499 → Topsides instruments and equipment
- 500-799 → Hull instruments and equipment
- 800-999 → Package-units and CLLI instruments and equipment

9.3. Instrumentation Electronic Components

9.3.1. Process Loops

9.3.1.1. General

All loops shall be represented by their complete TAG in all drawings, Descriptive Memorials, Logic Diagrams, Technical Specifications, Data Sheets or in any other documents in which they are mentioned.

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9.3.1.2. Loop TAG formation

AAA-BBBBCCCD

- 1st Group (AAA): Loop Measured Variable Designation Mandatory
 - A set of 1-3 characters as per section 9.3.1.3.
 - o In case an instrument is not covered by Table 9-3 or the first 2 columns of Table 9-4 (read in conjunction with ISA-5.1 2009 Table 1), the Loop's TAG must be agreed with PETROBRAS.
- 2nd Group (BBBB): Process System, Area or Unit Designation Mandatory
- o A set of 4 digits representing the process system (or, in some cases, the area or unit) to which the instrument belongs.
- o This group shall follow EXHIBIT III codes and requirements.
- The use of HOLD in Process System, Area or Unit designation is not allowed, i.e., the Process System, Area or Unit of an instrument must be defined in all project stages.
- 3rd Group (CCC): Sequential Designation Mandatory
 - o A set of 3 numbers indicating the sequential order of the instrument type. This numbering shall be consistent inside the process system, area or unit. See section 9.2.3 for the PETROBRAS sequential numbering logic for instrument tagging.

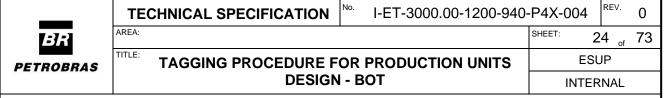
By "consistent", it is meant that instruments that belong to the same loop shall have the same sequential number.

- o If necessary, the use of HLD (to indicate HOLD) is allowed to indicate that the sequential is not yet defined or that it will be defined later on another project phase.
- No HOLD indications shall remain after the conclusion of the Detailing Project phase.
- o Process and safety loops that monitor the same variable shall have the same sequential number.
- 4th Group (D): Alphabetic code suffix Optional
- o This character is used to distinguish identical loops that perform the same function in similar systems, similarly to what is done in item "15 ANNEX 1 TAGGING REQUIREMENTS". See example 9.3.3.2 for clarification.

Voting instruments does not use the 4th group for tagging.

9.3.1.3. Reference tables for the Loop Measured Variables Designation (1st group)

The first column of Table 9-4 (adapted from ISA-5.1 2009 Table 1) shall be used for the vast majority of regular loops.



However, PETROBRAS E&P segment complements ISA notation by using a set of special combination of characters to discern loops containing subsea valves and to distinguish loops containing on-off valves according to their function. These set of characters were based on API RP 14C and are shown on Table 9-3.

Table 9-3 - Special Loop Measured Variable Designation (1st group) for Loops.

Prefix	Loop Type		
XV	Shutdown Valve Loops		
XV	Blowdown Valve Loops		
XV	Deluge Valve Loops		
XV	Annular Master Valve Loops		
XV	Auxiliary Wing Valve Loops		
XV	Cross-Over Valve Loops		
XV	Surface Controlled Subsurface Safety Valve Loops		
XV	Piggable Cross-Over Valve Loops		
PDG	Permanent Downhole Gauge Loops		
XV	Production Master Valve Loops		
XV	Production Wing Valve Loops		
TPT	Submarine Pressure and Temperature Transmitter Loops		
XV	On-Off Valve Loops		
XV	Limit switch (ZSL/ZSH) of valves Loops		
XV	Choke Valve		

SDVs, BDVs, XVs and any other valves that possess limit switches shall pertain to loops with a Loop Prefix of XV. This is meant to allow the limit switches to have the same sequential number as the valves and to ensure that these accessories shall never have the same TAG in different valves (i.e., valves with limit switches shall have serial numbering, as per 9.2.1).

Variable modifiers also integrate the loop. Example: differential pressure PDIT-1223001's loop shall be PD-1223001.

9.3.2. Process Instruments

9.3.2.1. General

This section covers process instruments. Fire and Gas Detection instruments are covered in section 9.3.4.

Process instruments shall be represented by their complete TAG in all drawings, Descriptive Memorials, Logical Diagrams, Technical Specifications, Data Sheets or in any other documents in which they are mentioned.

9.3.2.2. TAG formation

The instrument TAG is an alphanumeric code composed of six (6) Groups disposed as below:

AAAAAA-BBBBCCCD-FE

• 1st Group (AAAAA): Instrument Measured Variable Designation - Mandatory



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- A set of 2-6 characters as per section.
- o In case an instrument is not covered by Table 9-4 (read in conjunction with ISA-5.1 2009 table 1) and Table 9-5, the instrument's TAG must be agreed with PETROBRAS.
- 2nd Group (BBBB): Process system, Area or Unit Designation Mandatory
 - Same as the Loops TAG. See section 9.3.1.2.
- 3rd Group (CCC): Sequential Designation Mandatory
 - o Same as the Loops Sequential Designation. See section 9.3.1.2.
- 4th Group (D): Alphabetic code suffix Optional
 - o Same as the Loops Alphabetic code suffix. See section 9.3.1.2.
 - o Voting does not use the 4th group for tagging. See the 5th group for voting arrangements.
 - o This Group may also be used to distinguish identical instruments that do not belong to any loop but perform the same function in similar systems, similarly to item "15 ANNEX 1 − TAGGING REQUIREMENTS". For example, manometers or PSVs do not belong to any loop but may have tags such as PSV-1223001A.
- 5th Group (E): Numeric code suffix Optional
 - o A digit is used to discern, in terms of capacity/range extension or voting, the TAGs of instruments that perform the same function in the same process system, area or unit.

By voting it is meant that all involved instruments are operating and their output is compared by the logic solver in order to decide on the final control action.

- 6th Group (F): Extra character Optional
- An extra digit or character is used to indicate further redundancies or subdivisions. For an example, see Section 9.3.3.8.

When the 5th and 6th groups are not used (FE), the last hyphen must be suppressed.

ISA-5.1 2009 Table 1 shall be read in conjunction with Table 9-4 (that shows the modifications used by Petrobras in ISA-5.1 2009 table 1) in order to TAG the vast majority of regular instruments. The letters which are not mentioned in Table 9-4 remain the same as in ISA-5.1 2009 Table 1.

Table 9-4 - PETROBRAS changes to ISA-5.1 2009 table 1. Differences from ISA-5.1 2009 are either underlined (PETROBRAS addition) or crossed out (PETROBRAS removal).

	First Le	Succeeding letters			
	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5
	Measured / Initiating Variable	Variable Modifier	Readout / Passive Function	Output / Active Function	Function Modifier
D	<u>Density,</u> <u>Damper (fire and</u> <u>gas, see column 4)</u>	Difference, Differential		-	Deviation
F	Flow, Flow Rate	Ratio <u>Fire Damper</u>		-	-
G		Gas Damper	Glass, Gauge, Viewing Device	-	-
Н	Hand				High, (Open Valve)
L	Level		Light		Low, (Closed Valve)
S	Speed, Frequency	<u>Self-Actuated</u> Safety		Switch	Stop
М	<u>Moisture</u>				Middle, intermediate
V	Vibration, mechanical Analysis			Valve, Damper, Louver	
X	Corrosion, unclassified	X-axis	Accessory devices, unclassified	Unclassified	Unclassified
Z	Position, Dimension	Z-axis, Safety Instrumented System		Driver, actuator, Unclassified final control element	

Some clarifications regarding ISA-5.1 2009 Table 1 and Table 9-4:

- Column 4 letter "I" x letter "G":
 - o Letter "I" shall be used when the instrument has a local electronic display or for the display of the variable in the Supervisory system.
 - o Letter "G" shall be used if the instrument is entirely mechanical (ex: thermometers, level gauges, manometers).

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PETROBRAS E&P segment complements ISA notation by using a set of special combination of characters to discern Subsea valves and to distinguish some valves according to their function. Many of these set of characters were based on API RP 14C and are shown on Table 9-5.

Table 9-5 - Special Instrument Measured Variable Designation (1st group) for subsea valves and to some valves related to safety.

Prefix	Instrument Type	
SDV / SDY	Shutdown Valve (V) and its solenoid (Y)	
BDV / BDY	Blowdown Valve (V) and its solenoid (Y)	
ADV / ADY	Automatic Deluge Valve (V) and its solenoid (Y)	
AMV / AMY	Annular Master Valve (V) and its solenoid (Y)	
AWV / AWY	Auxiliary Wing Valve (V) and its solenoid (Y)	
COV / COY	Cross-Over Valve (V) and its solenoid (Y)	
SCSSV/SCSSY	Surface Controlled Subsurface Safety Valve (V)	
3C33 V/3C33 I	and its solenoid (Y)	
PCOV / PCOY	Piggable Cross-Over Valve (V) and its solenoid (Y)	
	Permanent Downhole Gauge	
PDG	(Same notation as Differential pressure gauge, shall be	
	distinguished by context)	
PMV / PMY	Production Master Valve (V) and its solenoid (Y)	
PWV / PWY	Production Wing Valve (V) and its solenoid (Y)	
TPT	Submarine Pressure and Temperature Transmitter	
XV / XY	On-Off Valve (V) and its solenoid (Y)	
HV / HYL / HYH	Choke valve (V) and its solenoids (YL / YH)	

9.3.3. Examples of Process Loops and Instruments

9.3.3.1. Process loops and instruments

Consider the existence of a series of loops in the Oil processing system (1223 as EXHIBIT III), composed of the following instruments and valves:

• Loop 1:

- A pressure controlled valve;
- A pressure indicator and controller;
- o A pressure indicator and transmitter.

• Loop 2:

- o A Level indicator and transmitter;
- o A level indicator and controller;
- o A level controlled valve.

Consider other instruments that do not belong to any of the above loops:

o A pressure manometer measuring the same pressure of loop 1;

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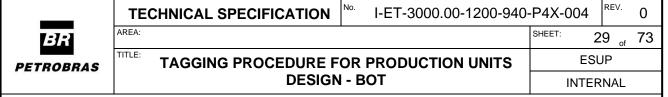
o TI-1223001 (virtual instrument: Supervisory indication of TIT-1223001).

Loop PD-1223001:

- PDIT-1223001;
 - o PDI-1223001 (virtual instrument: Supervisory indication of PDIT-1223001).
- No Loop (entirely mechanical instruments):
 - o PG-1223003;
 - o PG-1223004.

Note that sequential designation is kept the same for all loop elements.

9.3.3.2. Loops and instruments of similar systems



Suppose pumps B-1223002A/C are arranged in a redundant configuration and that there are three pressure instruments, each one measuring the discharge pressure of each pump.

Loops and instruments TAGs are:

- For pump B-1223002A → Loop P-1223003A, containing PIT-1223003A
- For pump B-1223002B → Loop P-1223003B, containing PIT-1223003B
- For pump B-1223002C → Loop P-1223003C, containing PIT-1223003C

Another example: assume there is a Thermometer measuring the temperature of each line associated with the Well Pig Launchers, in the Gas-Lift system (1244, as per EXHIBIT III).

Well Pig Launchers are not redundant, but they perform similar functions in process system 1244. Well Pig Launchers are tagged LP-1244001A, LP-1244001B, LP-1244001W. Therefore, the associated thermometers shall have tags TG-1244004A, TG-1244004B, TG-1244004W, following their respective Well Pig Launcher suffix.

Thermometers have no loop, if they are purely mechanical.

9.3.3.3. Flow metering Loop

Suppose there is a flow metering point in the oil treatment system, which is composed of an orifice plate, a flow indicator and transmitter, with its associated pressure and temperature indicators and transmitters. Besides, assume there is a flow computer associated to this metering point.

Finally, assume there are 2 other totally unrelated sensors in the same system: a Level indicator and transmitter; and a Pressure indicator and transmitter.

The Loops are:

- F-1223001 → Flow metering Loop. Composed of:
 - o FE-1223001
 - o FIT-1223001
 - o PIT-1223001
 - o TIT-1223001
 - o FQIT-1223001
- P-1223002 → Unrelated Pressure Loop. Composed of:
 - o PIT-1223002
- L-1223001 → Unrelated Level Loop. Composed of:
 - o LIT-1223001



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Note that the flow metering loop has prohibited the use of Loop P-1223001, because loop F-1223001 already contains a PIT-1223001.

9.3.3.4. Split range valves

Suppose that the water outlet from SG-1223001 has a too wide range of operation, requiring two valves operating in a split range fashion in order to control the water level inside the vessel.

The TAGs are:

- Loop: L-1223001, containing, among others:
 - o LV-1223001-1;
- o LV-1223001-2.

9.3.3.5. Range extension

Assume the flow measurement of the LP Fuel Gas Distribution Header is made by a senior orifice fitting associated with two flow indicators and transmitters using differential pressure. The two transmitters are required to extend the measurement range.

The Senior Orifice TAG shall then be FE-5135017 and the associated transmitters shall have TAGs FIT-5135017-1 and FIT-5135017-2. Each orifice plate shall be tagged FE-5135017-1, FE-5135017-2, FE-5135017-3, and so on.

9.3.3.6. Valve with several solenoids

Consider an ON-OFF valve that has 2 solenoids: one receives commands from Process Shutdown PLC and the other from the Fire and Gas PLC.

The TAGs are:

- Loop: XV-1233001
- o XV-1233001
- o XY-1233001-1
- o XY-1233001-2
- o ZSL-1233001
- o ZSH-1233001

9.3.3.7. PSVs

Consider there are three PSVs protecting the downstream side of the Hydraulic Power Unit pumps (5139 system) and that they are arranged in the following fashion:

- 2 PSVs are required to be in operation for the protection of the system;
- 1 PSV is spare.

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The 3 PSVs are arranged in a redundant configuration. The 3 PSVs shall be tagged:

- PSV-5139001A \rightarrow First PSV in operation;
- PSV-5139001B → Second PSV in operation;
- PSV-5139001C \rightarrow Spare PSV.

9.3.3.8. Complex PSV example

The objective of this example is to show the allowable extrapolation of the rules presented in this specification.

Assume there are 2 CO₂ compressors, tagged C-UC-1254001A and C-UC-1251001B. Assume the lines in which these compressors are installed are to be protected with PSVs and that 2 operating PSVs and 1 spare are needed per Compressor.

The PSVs tags shall be:

- For compressor C-UC-1254001A
 - o PSV-1254001A-A
 - First PSV of compressor C-UC-1254001A
- o PSV-1254001A-B
 - Second PSV of compressor C-UC-1254001A
- o PSV-1254001A-C
 - Third (Spare) PSV of compressor C-UC-1254001A
- For compressor C-UC-1254001B
 - o PSV-1254001B-A
 - o PSV-1254001B-B
 - o PSV-1254001B-C

9.3.3.9. Shutdown valve

Suppose there is a Shutdown valve in main gas compression (system 1231 as per EXHIBIT III), which has 2 limit switches monitoring its open state and its closed state. This valve is closed by an ESD-2 signal.

Besides, assume nearby this valve, is a (safety related) pressure monitoring instrument that generates a HH alarm and a consequent ESD-2.

The TAGs involved shall be:

- SDV-1231001 → First Shutdown valve of system 1231
- SDY-1231001 → Solenoid of SDV-1231001
- ZSL-1231001 → Closure limit switch of SDV-1231001

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- ZSH-1231001 \rightarrow Open limit switch of SDV-1231001
- PIT-1231002 → Safety-related Pressure Indicator and transmitter
- PSHH-1231002 → Safety-related Very High Pressure Switch (comparator)
- PAHH-1231002 → Safety-related Very High Pressure Alarm

9.3.3.10. Voting example

Assume that three Pressure indicators and transmitters have been arranged in a 2003 voting system in order to generate an Emergency shutdown (ESD) signal. This signal, among other actions, closes a Shutdown valve, installed with 2 solenoids arranged in a 1002 configuration.

Then the instruments and valve involved shall be tagged:

- Loop P-1223001 → Generates ESD signal
 - o PIT-1223001-1
 - o PIT-1223001-2
 - o PIT-1223001-3
 - o PSHH-1223001
 - o PAHH-1223001
- Loop XV-1223001 → Receives ESD signal
 - o SDV-1223001
 - o SDY-1223001-1
 - o SDY-1223001-2
 - o ZSL-1223001
 - o ZSH-1223001

9.3.3.11. HVAC example

Consider there is a room in module 17 with a fire damper and a gas damper, which are actuated by solenoids whose actuation logic comes from the Cause and Effect matrix of the unit.

The TAGs are:

- Loop DF-5250101:
 - \circ DF-5250101 \rightarrow Fire damper (as per item "15 ANNEX 1 TAGGING REQUIREMENTS").
 - DFY-5250101 \rightarrow Solenoid of fire damper DF-5250101.

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• Loop DG-5250001:

- \circ DG-5250001 \Rightarrow Gas tight damper (as per item "15 ANNEX 1 TAGGING REQUIREMENTS").
- DGY-5250001 \rightarrow Solenoid of gas tight damper DG-5250001.

9.3.4. Fire and Gas Detection Loops

9.3.4.1. General

Fire and Gas detection loops shall be represented by their complete TAG in all drawings, descriptive memorials, Logical Diagrams, Technical Specifications, Data sheets or in any other documents in which they are mentioned.

This section applies only to instruments which are not connected to the Addressable Fire Detection System (AFDS). AFDS loops go through different modules and zones. AFDS loops are simply represented by a single letter (A to Z), which is already indicated in their instruments' TAG.

9.3.4.2. Loop TAG formation

Fire and Gas detectors TAG is an alphanumeric code composed of five (5) Groups disposed as below:

TTT-GGG-MMM-ZZZ-LXXX

Where:

- 1st Group (TTT): Detector Designation Mandatory
 - A set of 1-3 characters defining the type of sensor as per Table 9-6.
- o In case a detector is not covered by the tables, the instrument's TAG must be agreed with PETROBRAS.

Table 0-6 - Detector	Designation for	or non-addrossable	Fire and Gas Loops
rable 9-6 - Detector	Designation is	or non-aggressable	rire and Gas Loods.

Prefix	Fire and Gas Loop Type	
A	Gas detector	
U	Flame/Fire detector	
Y	Smoke detector	
Н	Manual alarm pushbutton	
T	Heat (Thermo-velocimetric) detector	

- 2nd Group (-GGG): Gas Type Designation Mandatory only for AST
 - o A set of 2-3 characters defining the type of gas measured by the instrument, as per Table 9-7.
 - o This field is Mandatory only for gas detectors (AST). For other detectors, this field does not exist.



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Table 9-7 - Allowable gas type designations.

Gas types	Fire and Gas instrument Type	
CH4	Hydrocarbon gas detector (CH4 or others)	
H2S	Hydrogen sulfide detector	
H2	Hydrogen detector	
CO2	Carbonic gas detector	

• 3rd Group (MMM): Module or Hull section – Mandatory

A set of 3 characters or digits indicating the module or the hull section where the instrument is installed.

In case the instrument is located in the Topsides, this field shall be filled with M01, M02, ... with the module where the instrument is installed.

In case the instrument is located in the Hull, this field shall be filled with the 2 character code of Table 5-2 followed by a number representing the distance to the main deck (main deck number is 0). Examples:

- o AC2: second level of the accommodation
- o MD0: Main deck
- o ER4: Fourth level of the Engine Room
- 4th group (ZZZ): Zone Mandatory
 - \circ A set of 3 digits indicating the Zone (for gas sensors) in which the instrument is installed.
 - Zone code is still used for triad sensors.
- 5th group (L): Addressable Loop Mandatory for Addressable instruments
 - o A character representing the Loop in which Addressable fire and gas instruments are installed.
 - o Mandatory for Addressable instruments. This field does not exist for instruments connected directly to the Fire and Gas PLC.
 - o This field shall be filled with H (for HOLD) during Basic Design engineering phase, because only during Detailed Engineering Phase the quantities and correct number of instruments per loop shall be known. At the end of the Detailed Engineering Phase, no holds shall be present (therefore letter H shall no longer be used).
- 6th group (XXX): Sequential numbering mandatory
 - o A set of 3 digits indicating number of the Loop.
- o For addressable instruments, this field shall be equal to the instrument's sequential number, because the loop is already represented with the 5th group (addressable loop).

9.3.5. Fire and Gas Detection Instruments

9.3.5.1. General

This chapter defines the identification of Fire and Gas Detection instruments, namely:

- Flammable Gas detectors
- Toxic Gas detectors
- Fire detectors
- Smoke detectors
- Manual alarm push buttons
- Heat (Thermo-Velocimetric) detectors

9.3.5.2. TAG formation

Fire and Gas detectors TAG is an alphanumeric code composed of five (5) Groups disposed as below:

TTT-GGG-MMM-ZZZ-LXXXT-V

Where:

- 1st Group (TTT): Detector Designation Mandatory
- A set of 3 characters defining the type of sensor as per Table 9-8.
- o In case a detector is not covered by the tables, the instrument's TAG must be agreed with PETROBRAS.

Table 9-8 - Detector Designation for instruments related to Fire and Gas detection.

Prefix	Fire and Gas instrument Type	
AST	Gas detector	
UST	Flame/Fire detector	
YST	Smoke detector	
HSS	Manual alarm pushbutton	
TST	Heat (Thermo-velocimetric) detector	

- 2nd Group (-GGG): Gas Type Designation Mandatory only for AST
 - o Same as section 9.3.4.2.
- 3rd Group (MMM): Module or Hull section Mandatory
 - o Same as section 9.3.4.2.
- 4th group (ZZZ): Zone Mandatory
 - o Same as section 9.3.4.2.
- 5th group (L): Loop Mandatory for Addressable instruments



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- o Same as section 9.3.4.2.
- 6th group (XXX): Sequential numbering mandatory
 - A set of 3 digits indicating number of the instrument;
 - o For addressable instruments, the combination of the 5th group and the 6th group shall be equal to the address of the addressable instrument. See examples 9.3.6.4 and 9.3.6.6 for clarification.
- 7th group (T): Subtype indicator optional
 - o A letter indicating the subtype of target type sensors as follows:
 - $R \rightarrow Receptor$;
 - $T \rightarrow Transmitters.$
- 8th group (-V): Voting indicator optional
 - o A number indicating the voting instrument for the same detection point (only for pairs or triads, not applicable for voting zones).
- 9.3.6. Examples of Fire and Gas Loops and Instruments
- 9.3.6.1. Point Gas detectors Triad

Suppose there is an HVAC inlet for the Electric module (M-17 in this example) with a triad of sensors installed in it. These sensors are installed in zone 201. The 3 sensors are meant to detect the presence of Hydrocarbon gas.

The TAGs involved are:

- · Loop A-CH4-M17-201-001, containing:
- o AST-CH4-M17-201-001-1 First Gas detector of Loop A-CH4-M17-201-001
 - Generates signals:
 - o ASH-CH4-M17-201-001-1 Detected gas alarm of instrument AST-CH4-M17-201-001-1
 - o ASHH-CH4-M17-201-001-1 Confirmed gas alarm of instrument AST-CH4-M17-201-001-1
- o AST-CH4-M17-201-001-2 Second Gas detector of Loop A-CH4-M17-201-001
- o AST-CH4-M17-201-001-3 Third Gas detector of Loop A-CH4-M17-201-001

The voting of the loop gives the following result signal:

- · ASH-CH4-M17-201-001 Detected gas alarm of Loop A-CH4-M17-201-001
- · ASHH-CH4-M17-201-001 Confirmed gas alarm of Loop A-CH4-M17-201-001Point
- 9.3.6.2. Gas detectors Zone



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Assume now there are sensors in the Pig Launcher and Receiver modules (M-09 in this example). The sensors are meant to detect the presence of H₂S, and are arranged in a zone configuration. Assume the number of the specific zone is 101, and that there are 5 sensors.

Therefore, the 5 TAGs involved are:

- Loop A-H2S-M09-101-001, containing:
 - o AST-H2S-M09-101-001,
- Loop A-H2S-M09-101-002, containing:
 - o AST-H2S-M09-101-002,
- ...
- Loop A-H2S-M09-101-005, containing:
 - o AST-H2S-M09-101-005.

9.3.6.3. Open Path Gas detectors

Suppose there is an open path gas detector in Module M08, meant for the detection of Hydrocarbon gases, covering zone 202.

The open path detector is composed of two different sub-instruments: the transmitter and the receiver.

The TAGs involved are:

- Loop A-CH4-M08-202-001, containing:
 - o Transmitter AST-CH4-M08-202-001T;
 - o Receiver AST-CH4-M08-202-001R.

9.3.6.4. Smoke detector in the laboratory

Assume there is a smoke detector in the Laboratory, which is located in module 14 in this example. During basic design, it was known that this instrument would cover zone 401, but no other information was available.

During Detailed engineering design, it was decided that this instrument would be connected to the Addressable Fire Detection System (AFDS) in Loop C, and that the address of the instrument in the loop would be 004.

TAGs:

- During Basic design:
 - o CAE Database Loop TAG: Y-M14-401-H001;
 - o Instrument TAG: YST-M14-401-H001.
- During Detailed design:

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- o CAE Database Loop: Y-M14-401-C004;
- o Instrument TAG: YST-M14-401-C004.

Information indirectly deducible from the Detailed engineering TAG:

- AFDS physical Loop: C;
- Instruments Address in Addressable system: C-004.

9.3.6.5. Flame detectors

Assume 4 flame detectors are installed in M-10 and are meant to detect the presence of fire in zone 301.

The instrument tags shall be UST-M10-301-001, UST-M10-301-002, UST-M10-301-003, UST-M10-301-004.

- Loop U-M10-301-001, containing:
 - o UST-M10-301-001.
- Loop U-M10-301-002, containing:
 - o UST-M10-301-002.
- Loop U-M10-301-003, containing:
 - o UST-M10-301-003.
- Loop U-M10-301-004, containing:
 - o UST-M10-301-004.

9.3.6.6. Heat detector in the accommodation

Assume there is a heat detector in the second level of the accommodation. During basic design, it was known that this instrument would cover zone 201, but no other information was available.

During Detailed engineering design, it was decided that this instrument would be connected to the Addressable Fire Detection System (AFDS) in Loop D, and that the address of the system would be 003.

TAGs:

- During Basic design:
 - o CAE Database Loop TAG: T-A02-201-H001;
 - o Instrument TAG: TST-A02-201-H001.
- During Detailed design:

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- o CAE Database Loop: T-A02-201-D003;
- o Instrument TAG: TST-A02-201-D003.

Information indirectly deducible from the Detailed engineering TAG:

- AFDS physical Loop: D;
- Instruments Address in Addressable system: D-003.

9.3.7. Instrumentation Virtual Signals

Instrumentation physical signals are tagged as per section 9.3.2.2.

However, the same signal may be represented in different systems (local panels, CSS and/or SOS), causing TAG duplication. In order to avoid this, a suffix may be added (mandatory only to avoid the overlap):

AAAAA-BBBBCCCD-FE-NN

INSTRUMENT TAG as per 9.3.2.2

Where NN represents the sequential of the signal.

Specific signals exist. Among them there are:

- UAM → Unit Alarm Malfunction (virtual signal)
- UAS → Unit Alarm Shutdown (virtual signal)
- USM → Unit Switch Malfunction (physical signal)
- USS → Unit Switch Shutdown (physical signal)

ESD signals are tagged:

XSLL-BBBBCCC

INSTRUMENT TAG as per 9.3.2.2

Or:

XSLL-M-BBBBCCC

Equipment name as per item "15 ANNEX 1 – TAGGING REQUIREMENTS".

9.3.8. Instrumentation Junction Boxes

The junction boxes (JB) shall be identified in accordance with the following requirements:

JBYY-AAAA-NNN

Where:

• Y defines the type of signal, where:

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- \circ C = control signals (PCS);
- o I = interlock signals (PSD), non-fire resistant cables;
- o IF = interlock signals (PSD/FGS), fire resistant cables;
- \circ S = power supply signals.
- AAAA defines the area or unit.
- NNN defines the sequential number of the JB.

Examples:

- First Control Junction box of module 08.
 - o JBC-1418-001
- Third Interlock FGS (containing fire resistant cables) Junction box of module 10.
 - o JBIF-1421-003

9.3.9. Instrumented Valves

Instrumented valves are valves that are specified by the instrumentation discipline. Generally, they have electronic devices associated to them. Examples of these valves are:

- Control Valves;
- Choke valves:
- Shutdown Valves:
- Blowdown Valves;
- On-Off Valves;
- Deluge valves;
- Pressure safety valves;
- Buckling pin valves.

For instrumented valves' TAG, see section 9.3.2.2.

For other valves' TAG, such as manual valves and block valves see Piping chapter.

9.3.10. Instrumentation cables interconnected with instruments

Instrumentation cables (from instruments to JB, or from instruments to PNs) shall be identified as:

C-AAAAA-BBBBCCCD-FE-NNN

E]; PETROBRAS

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INSTRUMENT TAG as per 9.3.2.2

Where -NNN is the sequential number of the cable (mandatory only when there is more than one cable per instrument).

9.3.11. Instrumentation Multicables interconnected with Junction Box

Instrumentation multicables (from JB to panels) shall be identified as:

MC-JBY-SSS-AAAA-NNN-<u>SSS</u>

JB TAG as per section 9.3.8

Where:

• SSS represents the sequential number of the multicable.

9.4. Instrumentation Equipment

Instrumentation equipment is mainly composed of Panels, Hydraulic Power Units, and metering skids.

Sections below depict the few exceptions to item "15 ANNEX 1 – TAGGING REQUIREMENTS".

9.4.1. Pneumatic and Hydraulic distribution panels

Pneumatic and Hydraulic distribution panels shall be tagged as below:

TTT-MMM-AA-SS

Where:

- TTT defines the type of panel, which is rather PDA (for pneumatic) or MDH (for hydraulic);
- MMM defines the area or module as per section 9.3.5.2;
- AA is mandatory only for PDAs, defining if the air is E (essential) or NE (Not essential). In MDH, these characters are not present;
- SS represents the sequential number of the panel.

9.4.2. Automatic Sampler

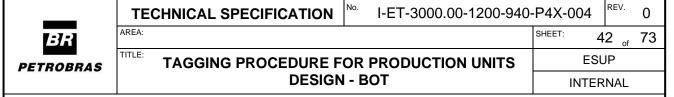
Automatic sampler shall be tagged as:

AX-BBBBCCC

Associated part of Flow meter TAG as per section 9.3.2.2

Example:

Assume there is a Flow metering point FIT-1212002, close to an automatic sampler.



The Automatic Sampler TAG is AX-1212002. If an associated panel is connected to it, its TAG shall be PN-AX-1212002.

9.4.3. Flow Metering System Manual Sampling Points

Flow metering system Manual Sampling points shall be tagged as:

SC-FIT-BBBBCCC

Associated part of Flow meter TAG as per section 9.3.2.2

Assume there is a manual Sampling point right next to FIT-1212002. The sampling point TAG is SC-FIT-1212002.

Other sampling points (not related to the flow metering system) shall be tagged as per item "15 ANNEX 1 – TAGGING REQUIREMENTS".

9.5. Instrumentation Piping

9.5.1. Straight Pipe Run for Flow Metering Points and Flow Rectifiers

Straight Pipe Runs are piping spools, which are placed before and after a flow meter in order to eliminate turbulences caused by other piping elements such as other instruments, piping curves, and valves.

Flow rectifiers are elements that are occasionally placed in the straight run in order to reduce the turbulences, and therefore, to reduce the straight pipe run total size.

Due to their importance and the regular inspection to which they are submitted, straight pipe runs and flow rectifiers are tagged as follows:

FP-BBBBCCCD-FE-N

Associated part of Flow meter TAG as per section 9.3.2.2

Where:

- P defines the position of the straight run and flow rectifiers relative to the instrument:
 - \circ X \rightarrow element is upstream of the flow meter;
 - \circ Y \rightarrow element is downstream of the flow meter.
- N is a number representing the sequential of the straight run or flow rectifier, counting from upstream to downstream. It is only required in case there is a flow rectifier or other elements in between the straight runs.

Examples:

- Magnetic flow meter FIT-1223001 has one straight pipe run upstream and one straight pipe run downstream. The TAGs are:
 - \circ FX-1223001 \rightarrow Upstream straight pipe run;

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- \circ FY-1223001 → Downstream straight pipe run.
- Orifice plate, with associated transmitter FIT-1223002, with 2 piperuns upstream (the first one upstream of the zanker, the second one downstream of the zanker) and 1 straight run downstream.
 - \circ FX-1223001-1 \rightarrow First Upstream straight pipe run (upstream of the zanker);
 - FX-1223001-2 \rightarrow Zanker TAG;
 - \circ FX-1223001-3 \rightarrow Second Upstream straight pipe run (downstream of the zanker);
 - o FY-1223001 → Downstream straight pipe run.

Some flow meters may not have dedicated spools as straight pipe runs. These flow meters are directly inserted in the piping. In this case, the piping TAG is not changed (remains as per chapter 5.

9.5.2. Instrumentation adapting flanges and process connection flanges

Instrumentation adapting flanges and process connection flanges are piping components which are placed after the piping block valve of an instrument. They convert the process flange connection into either capillary or tubing lines, but they are not well probes (TW, for example) nor sensing elements (TE, for example). See Figure 9.1 for an example of adapting flanges.



Figure 9.1 – Examples of instrumentation adapting flanges

These elements are present in the 3D Model according to Figure 9.2. The highlighted instrument on the left is the process connection of the pressure instrument, on the right.

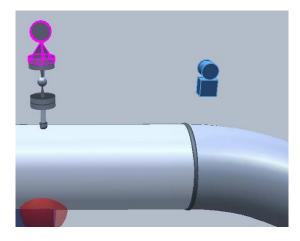


Figure 9.2 – 3D model representation of adapting flanges application. On the left (highlighted), the adapting flange. On the right, the corresponding instrument.



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The TAG formation for these adapting flanges shall be:

CONN-SS -AAAAA-BBBBCCCD-FE

INSTRUMENT TAG as per 9.3.2.2.

Where -SS is a sequential number mandatory only if the same instrument has more than one process connection.

Examples:

A pressure indicator and transmitter PIT-1223001 presents an instrumentation connecting flange to the process. Its TAG shall be CONN-PIT-1223001.

A level indicator and transmitter LIT-1223001 presents 2 instrumentation connecting flanges to the process. Their TAGs shall be CONN-01-LIT-1223001 and CONN-02-LIT-1223001.

9.5.3. Instrumentation Tubing

Instrumentation tubing is a series of small diameter lines, which are bent into their final shape in the field.

Instrumentation tubing TAG does not need to be displayed in P&IDs. It is only needed during the detailing phase, for the pneumatic/hydraulic drawing and/or the 3D model.

Instrumentation tubing shall be tagged as follows:

T-SS-AAAAA-BBBBCCCD-FE

INSTRUMENT TAG as per 9.3.2.2

Spools of tubing are not tagged separately.

Where -SS is a sequential number mandatory only if the same instrument has more than one tubing connected to it.

9.6 **Machinery Protection System (MPS)**

Machinery Protection System (MPS) instruments' TAGs shall be defined according to the procedure below:

- Radial vibration X-probe: VXE-AAAABBBC.
- Radial vibration Y-probe: VYE-AAAABBBC.
- Radial vibration X-proximitor: VXT-AAAABBBC.
- Radial vibration Y-proximitor: VYT-AAAABBBC.
- Axial position probe 1: ZE-AAAABBBC-1.
- Axial position probe 2: ZE-AAAABBBC-2.
- Axial position proximitor 1: ZT-AAAABBBC-1.
- Axial position proximitor 2: ZT-AAAABBBC-2.



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• Phase probe: KE-AAAABBBC.

• Phase proximitor: KT-AAAABBBC.

• Casing vibration probe: VE-AAAABBBC.

• Bearing temperature probe 1: TE-AAAABBBC-1.

• Bearing temperature probe 2: TE-AAAABBBC-2.

• Dynamic pressure transmitter for pulsation monitoring: PKT-AAAABBBC.

• Torsional vibration probe: VWE-AAAABBBC.

• Torsional vibration transmitter: VWT-AAAABBBC.

Being "AAAA" the area of activity, "BBB" the sequential number and "C" the train.

The sequential number "BBB" shall be defined in order to avoid TAG duplication when machines of different services share the same area of activity "AAAA".

The sequential number "BBB" shall begin in the Non Drive End of the driver machine and increase towards the Non Drive End of the driven machine.

X-Y probes used for radial vibration monitoring, shall be referenced viewing the train from driver machine towards the driven machine. Y-probe shall be 90° counter-clockwise from X-probe, regardless of the direction of shaft rotation.



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10. ELECTRICAL

- 10.1 Identification TAGs of electrical equipment shall be defined according to requirements of item "15 ANNEX 1 TAGGING REQUIREMENTS" and considering alternative of "System number/area of activity" described in EXHIBIT III.
- 10.2 Socket-outlets shall be identified in all documents, software, database and circumstances when the item appear according to following criteria:

SKV-YYYY-ZZZ, where:

SK = Fixed identification for socket-outlets;

V = Safety identification letter, with the following options:

N - Normal;

E - Essential.

YYYY = Area identification:

ZZZ = Sequential, 001 to 499 for Topsides and 501 to 999 for Hull installations.

E.g.: **SKN–M02–003** for socket-outlet located in Module M-02, sequential 03

10.3. Junction Boxes for Electrical discipline shall be identified in all documents, software, database and circumstances when the item appear according to following criteria:

CXV-W-YYYY-ZZZ, where:

CX = Fixed identification for junction boxes;

V = Safety identification letter, with the following options:

N - Normal;

E - Essential and/or Emergency.

W = Applicability identification letter, with the following options:

L - Low-voltage and heating cables;

M - Medium-voltage cables;

S - Control, network and protection cables.

YYYY = Area identification;

ZZZ = Sequential, 001 to 499 for Topsides and 501 to 999 for Hull installations.

E.g.: **CXN–L–M06-001** for junction box for normal low-voltage cable(s) located in Module M-06, sequential 001.

- 10.4. Electrical cables for power, lighting, heating, control and protection circuits shall be identified in all documents, software, database and circumstances when the item appear according to following criteria, with numbering pattern starting from top to bottom and from left to right:
 - 10.4.1 Power and Lighting Cables:



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XXX-YYY-ZZ, where:

XXX = Busbar number identification;

YYY = Kind of circuit according to electrical supply (3);

ZZ = Circuit number.

10.4.2 Control, Heating, Protection Cables:

XXX-YYY-WW-UZZ, where:

XXX = Busbar number identification;

YYY = Kind of circuit according to electrical supply (3);

WW = Circuit number;

U = Identification Letter (2);

ZZ = Sequential.

Note 1: Cable numbering is based on busbar and semi busbars numbering for electrical panels which shall identify from where the electric cable is coming from;

Note 2: Identification letters: P - protection and measurement; C - control, signaling and alarm; A - heating.

Note 3: Kind of circuit according to electrical supply: CNO – Normal cable; CES – Essential cable; CEM – Emergency cables; CGE – General Cables (control, heating, protection, etc.).

E.g.1: **503-CNO-05** for normal power or lighting cable connected to a busbar with number identification 503 and circuit number 05.

E.g.2: **503-CGE-05-A01** for general heating cable with sequential 01 connected to a busbar with number identification 503 and circuit number 05.

10.5. Lighting fixtures and floodlights shall be identified in all documents, software, database, software and circumstances when the item appear according to following criteria:

LXX-WWW-UU-YYYY-ZZZ, where:

L = Fixed identification for lighting fixtures and floodlights;

XX = Safety identification, with the following options:

NO - Normal;

ES - Essential;

EM - Emergency.

WWW = Busbar number identification;

UU = Sequential for circuit number;

YYYY = Area identification;

ZZZ = Sequential, 001 to 499 for Topsides and 501 to 999 for Hull installations.

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11. MARINE SYSTEMS

Identification TAGs of Marine System equipment shall be defined according to requirements of item "15 ANNEX 1 – TAGGING REQUIREMENTS" and considering alternative of "System number/area of activity" described in EXHIBIT III.

This Standard establishes the conditions required for the identification of equipment belonging to industrial facilities of PETROBRAS.

This Standard does not apply to measurement and control instruments nor to piping items. For these items, refer to Automation and Piping sections.

In all documents pertaining to an industrial equipment or in documents where reference is made to an industrial equipment, the industrial equipment shall be identified according to item "15 ANNEX 1 – TAGGING REQUIREMENTS".

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12. TELECOMMUNICATION

Identification TAGs of Telecom equipment shall be defined according to requirements of item "15 ANNEX 1 – TAGGING REQUIREMENTS" and considering alternative of "System number/area of activity" described in EXHIBIT III.

This Standard establishes the conditions required for the identification of equipment belonging to industrial facilities of PETROBRAS.

In all documents pertaining to an industrial equipment or in documents where reference is made to an industrial equipment, the industrial equipment shall be identified according to item "15 ANNEX 1 – TAGGING REQUIREMENTS".

Some telecommunication items were not yet included in item "15 ANNEX 1 – TAGGING REQUIREMENTS". Meanwhile, project shall also follow table below:

Table 12-1 TELECOMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT TAGS

TAG	EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION	
ACO	DIRECTIONAL COUPLER	
ACR	AERONAUTICAL COMMUNICATIONS RECORDER	
AFT	CEILING LOUDSPEAKER	
AIS	AUTOMATIC IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM	
AMP	AUDIO AMPLIFIER	
ANT	ANTENNA	
AP	WLAN ACCESS POINT	
ASC	ANTENNA STABILIZATION CONTROL UNIT	
ATV	TV AMPLIFIER	
AVM	AUDIO AND VIDEO MONITOR	
BAS	RACK FOR HOUSING EQUIPMENTS	
BCA	ALARMS COMMAND SWITCH (ABANDON, EMERGENCY AND RESET)	
BLT	BUZZER AND LIGHT TELEPHONE SIGNALING	
BUZ	BUZZER	
CAC	ACOUSTIC BOX	
CAM	CAMERA	
CCD	DATA CONNECTION BOX	
CCT	TELECOMMUNICATION CONNECTION BOX	
CDC	CODEC	
CDI	INTERCOMMUNICATION DISTRIBUTOR BOX	



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TAG	EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION
CDT	TELEPHONE DISTRIBUTION BOX
CFI	INTERCOMMUNICATION WIRING BOX
CFT	TELEPHONE WIRING BOX
CIR	CIRCULATOR
CIT	PUBLIC ADDRESS CENTRAL STATION
CJE	ELECTRICAL JUNCTION BOX
CJI	INTERCOMMUNICATION JUNCTION BOX
CJS	CONNECTION BOX
CJT	TELEPHONE JUNCTION BOX
CMP	ELECTRONIC BELL
COM	COMBINER – Nx1
COR	ACOUSTIC HORN
CR	RELAY BOX
CRE	REMOTE CONTROL
CRO	OPERATIONAL RADIO CONSOLE
CTA	ALARMS TONE GENERATOR
CTF	PRIVATE AUTOMATIC BRANCH EXCHANGE
CTV	CCTV Rack
CW	WLAN CONTROLLER
CXF	FUSE BOX
DCD	DIGITAL SATELLITE DECODER (KU BAND)
DGI	GENERAL INTERCOMMUNICATION DISTRIBUTOR
DGT	GENERAL TELEPHONE DISTRIBUTOR
DIO	OPTICAL INTERNAL DISTRIBUTOR
DIV	SPLITTER
DSR	DIGITAL SATELLITE RECEIVER
DTV	TV CHANNEL DISTRIBUTOR
DVD	DVD PLAYER
DVR	DIGITAL VIDEO RECORDER
ECC	PAGE PARTY STATION
ECD	DATA COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT
ENC	ENCODER HDMI/IP



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TAG	EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION
FAI	POWER SUPPLY FOR PUBLIC ADDRESS STATION
FAX	FAX
FCC	DIRECT CURRENT POWER SUPPLY
FP	AUDIO PROGRAM SOURCE
FW	FIREWALL
GK	ACCESS MEDIA GATEWAY / GATEKEEPER
GT	TESTS TONE GENERATOR
HCS	HYBRID / SIGNAL CONVERTER
HDI	HIGH-DEFINITION-MULTIMEDIA INTERFACE IP (HDMI IP)
IMP	PRINTER
INC	INMARSAT C
INM	INMARSAT TRANSCEIVER
JB	JUNCTION BOX
LSE	EMERGENCY LAMP
LST	TELEPHONE SIGNALLING LAMP
MAV	AUDIO AND VIDEO MODULATOR
MCT	MUTI-CABLE TRANSIT BOX
MD	MODEM
MI	MICROCOMPUTER (WORKSTATION)
MIC	MICROPHONE
MP	PRIORITY MICROPHONE
MTV	TV CHANNEL MIXER
MUX	MULTIPLEX EQUIPMENT (OPTICAL/SDH/TDM)
NVR	NETWORK VIDEO RECORDER
OW	WAN OPTIMIZATOR
PD	RF SIGNAL SPLITER
PDD	DATA DISTRIBUTOR PANEL
PPN	PATCH PANEL
PS	SURGE ARRESTOR
PTV	TV RACK
QCA	TELECOMMUNICATION AC DISTRIBUTION PANEL
QCC	TELECOMMUNICATION DC DISTRIBUTION PANEL



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TAG	EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION
RDO	DIGITAL RADIO
RPT	UHF ACTIVE REPEATER SYSTEM RACK
RT	ROUTER
RX	RADIO RECEIVER
SAT	SATELLITE MODEM
SCV	VOLUME CONTROL
SR	C BAND RECEPTOR
SRT	RADAR TRANSPONDER FOR SEARCH AND RESCUE OPERATION
SSA	SHIP SECURITY ALERT SYSTEM
STB	SETUP BOX IP/HDMI
STO	ANTENNA TUNER / COUPLER
SVR	SERVER
SW	SWITCH
TAP	DIRECTIONAL COUPLER
TEL	TELEPHONE
TER	UHF LOAD UP
TMD	DATA PLUG SOCKET
TRX	RADIO TRANSCEIRVER
TT	TELECOMMUNICATION TOWER
TTF	TELEPHONE PLUG SOCKET
TTV	TV PLUG SOCKET
TV	TV EQUIPMENT
TVT	TV TRANSMISSOR
TX	RADIO TRANSMITTER
UAM	ACCESS UNIT
UCA	AC MONITORING UNIT
UCC	CONVERSATION AND ANNOUNCEMENT UNIT
UCO	CONTROL UNIT
UDQ	DROPPING DIODE UNIT
USC	DC MONITORING UNIT

Telecommunication cables shall be identified as per table below:



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Table 12-2 TELECOMMUNICATION CABLE IDENTIFICATION

TAG	CABLE IDENTIFICATION
Cal	"C" ALARMS AUDIO CABLE
Cam	"A" PAGING, "M" MUSIC AND "C" ALARMS AUDIO CABLE
Cat	ANTENNA CABLE
Cav	AUDIO AND VIDEO CABLE
Cbb	MULTIPLEX BASE BAND CABLE
Cbm	"B" PAGING, "M" MUSIC, AND "C" ALARMS AUDIO CABLE
Cca	"A" PAGING AND "C" ALARMS AUDIO CABLE
Ccb	"B" PAGING AND "C" ALARMS AUDIO CABLE
Ccr	REMOTE CONTROL CABLE
Ccs	ALARM COMMAND SWITCH CABLE
Ccv	SOUND TRANSDUCER VOLUME CONTROL CABLE
Cea	AC ENERGY CABLE FOR TELECOMMUNICATION
Cec	DC ENERGY CABLE FOR TELECOMMUNICATION
Cem	SOUND TRANSDUCER MUTE CABLE
Cen	POWER SUPPLY CABLE
Cfo	OPTICAL CABLE
Cin	INTERCOMMUNICATION CABLE FOR ECC's
Cmu	"M" MUSIC AND "C" ALARMS AUDIO CABLE
Cre	STRUCTURED NETWORK CABLE
Cte	TELEPHONE CABLE
Crf	RF CABLE
Csa	ANTENNA TUNER/COUPLER CABLE
Ctv	TV CABLE

All telecommunications cables shall be tagging, as follow:

- cable TAG - From (Complete TAG of equipment) - sequential number

Examples: Cte-CDT-5516-501.01

Cca-COR-5518-505B.01

13. 3D MODEL (ALL DISCIPLINES)

For volumes on 3D model, tagging shall be as the following procedure:

(A)(-)(B)(-)(C)

Where:

- (A) = Abbreviation, according to Table 13-1.
- (-) = hyphen
- (B) = sequential code (three numbers)
- (-) = hyphen
- (C) = Volume purpose. If this volume is related to a specific object, C must be equal to its tag. If it is not related to a specific object, C must be equal to the function and the area (separated by hyphen "-"). The function shall be selected from X and the area must be selected from Y.

Table 13-1 - Abbreviations for volumes.

Volume characteristic	Abbreviation
Regions that must be interference free	VOL
Physical spaces limits	LIM
Optional volumes that might be used for automatic drawings generation	DRAW

Table 13-2 Abbreviations for functions.

Abbreviation	Functions
BOUND	Limit
CBLTRY	Cable tray
CGHDL	Cargo handling
CLAREA	Classified area
DETEC	Flame detectors range
DOOR	Door opening
DRGHT	Draught
ESCRT	Escape route
FUT	Future
HLDKOP	Helideck obstacle free sector
LIFT	Lifting
MAINT	Maintenance
OPER	Operation



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Abbreviation	Functions
PCKG	Package
PPAR	Piping area
ROOM	Closed room
SPRK	Sprinklers

Table 13-3 Abbreviations for areas.

Abbreviation	Areas
ACCM	ACCOMODATION
AFTEXT	AFT EXTENSION
BOATSW	BOATSWAIN STORE
CRPD	CRANE PEDESTAL
CSSN	CAISSON
DVST{1 digit number}	DIVING STATIONS
ENGR	ENGINE ROOM
FLLST	FILLING STATION
FLR	FLARE
FLRFN	FLARE FOUNDATION
FNDR	FENDER
FRCST	FORECASTLE
FREXT	FORE EXTENSION
FRLD	FAIRLEAD
HDPP	HARD PIPE
HLDK	HELIDECK
HULL	HULL
LAYDWN{1 digit number}	LAY DOWN AREAS
LFBTPL	LIFEBOAT PLATFORM
LWRB	LOWER RISER BALCONY
M{2 digits number plus letter}	TOPSIDE MODULES
M{99A}LAB	MODULE {99A} LABORATORY
M{99A}ROOMS	MODULE {99A} ROOMS
MDK	MAIN DECK



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Abbreviation	Areas
MPPRK	MARINE PIPERACK
MRGBCN	MOORING BALCONY
OFFL	OFFLOADING
PLLIN	PULL IN
PPDK	POOP DECK
PRLBD	PARALLEL BODY
PUMPR	PUMP ROOM
RSPPRK	RISER PIPERACK
SAD	STRUCTURE ABOVE DECK
SBPPRK	STARBOARD PIPERACK
SSWN	SIDE SHELL WINCHES
STEEGR	STEERING GEAR ROOM
TEMP	TEMPORARY OBJECTS
TKACC	STRUCTURAL TANKS ACCESS
TWGST	TOWING STATION
UPRB	UPPER RISER BALCONY
VNTPT	VENT POST
WSTM	WELL STIMULATION SUPPORT

Examples:

a) First volume reserved to panel PN-1220001 future expansion (future indication would be stored within an attribute): VOL-001-PN-1220001

VOL: Regions that must be interference free

001: Sequential Numbering

PN-1220001: Related object tag

b) Second volume reserved to pump B-1221001A operation (operation indication would be stored within an attribute): VOL-002-B-1221001A

VOL: Regions that must be interference free

002: Sequential Numbering

B-1221001A: Related object tag

c) First volume reserved to pump B-1221001A maintenance (maintenance indication would be stored within an attribute): VOL-001-B-1221001A

VOL: Regions that must be interference free



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001: Sequential Numbering

B-1221001A: Related object tag

d) First volume reserved to cargo handling in module 1: VOL-001-CGHDL-M01

VOL: Regions that must be interference free

001: Sequential Numbering

CGHDL-M01: cargo handling in module 1

e) First volume reserved to escape route in module 1: VOL-001-ESCRT-M01

VOL: Regions that must be interference free

001: Sequential Numbering

ESCRT-M01: escape route in module 1

f) First volume reserved to classified area in module 1: LIM-001-CLAREA-M01

LIM: Physical spaces limits

001: Sequential Numbering

CLAREA-M01: classified area in module 1



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14. SUBSEA

14.1. Subsea structures shall follow the tagging procedure of this chapter.

14.2. Riser Supports

Riser support shall observe the below pattern:

SLOT-XXY

Where.

- "XX" is the Slot number of the respective support numbered from aftward to forward;
- "Y" identifies the support type: S for Receptacle, T for Special tube or empty for BSDL.

14.3. Hullside Hardpiping

The hullside hardpiping and respective interface spools shall observe the below pattern:

HP-XXY

Where.

- "XX" is the Slot number of the respective support numbered from afterward to forward;
 - "Y" identifies the support type: S for Receptacle or T for Special tube.

14.4. Spools

The interface spools for connection of risers and top side shall observe the below pattern:

SPL-XXY

Where,

- "XX" is the Slot number of the respective support numbered from aftward to forward;
 - "Y" identifies the support type: S for Receptacle or T for Special tube.

14.5. Hullside umbilical

The hullside umbilical of Riser Support Control System shall observe the below pattern:

UMB-XX

Where XX is a sequential number, counting from aftward to forward.

14.6. Bell Mouth

All bell mouths must be identified through indelible painting in high level, according to the below pattern, differing from TSUDL to BSDL:

TSUDL-XX or BSDL-XX

Where XX is a sequential number, counting from aftward to forward.

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15. ANNEX 1 – TAGGING REQUIREMENTS

15.1. SCOPE

- 15.1.1. This annex establishes the conditions required for the identification of equipment belonging to industrial facilities of PETROBRAS.
- 15.1.2. This annex does not apply to measurement and control instruments, which are identified according to standard ISA S 5.1, nor to the identification of piping.

15.2. SYSTEMATIC PROCEDURE FOR IDENTIFICATION

- 15.2.1. In all documents pertaining to an industrial equipment or in documents where reference is made to an industrial equipment, the industrial equipment shall be identified according to items 15.2.2 and 15.2.3.
- 15.2.2. All equipment shall be individually identified by an alphanumeric combination composed of the following elements:
 - a) Equipment symbol (see note);
 - b) Identification of the area or unit where the equipment is located;
 - c) Sequential identification of the equipment within the area or unit;
 - d) Individual identification of each equipment (when applicable).

Note: The following symbols shall not be used, because they are part of the "Equipment Registration System": BA, BD, BF, BG, BO, BS, CA, CC, EI, LE, ME and MS.

15.2.3. The identification elements of equipment shall be written in the sequence indicated in item 15.2.2. There shall be a hyphen between the equipment symbol and the rest of the identification. The rest of the identification shall be written without separation, except when it is necessary to use graphic symbols such as "-" or "/", where permitted.

15.3. DESCRIPTION OF IDENTIFICATION ELEMENTS

15.3.1. Equipment Symbol

The equipment symbol shall be composed of 1 to 3 capital letters. Item 15.4 is a list of the equipment symbols.

15.3.2. Identification of Area or Unit

The identification of the area or unit within industrial facility where the equipment is located shall be comprised of a group of numbers, according to EXHIBIT III.

15.3.3. Sequential identification of the Equipment within the Area or Unit

The identification of the equipment within the area or unit is composed of 3 numbers in numerical sequence from 001 to 999.

Example

TQ-6300005 – 5th tank (TQ) of area 6300.

15.3.4. Individual Identification of Each Equipment



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It shall be composed of a capital letter, starting with A, and shall only be used in those cases in which there are 2 or more equipment with the same function and located in the same area or unit; the letter shall be placed after the number, without separation. Gas storage tanks (TQ), cylinders (CN, LP, LR, RP) and spheres (EF) are an exception only in the Downstream area. A different numerical identification shall be given to each equipment, with the final letter for individual differentiation being dispensed with. Examples:

P-2211002A

P-2211002B

It means: 2 identical heat exchangers (P) with the same function (A and B), having the same sequential number 002, belonging to area 2211.

15.3.5. Joint Identification of Equipment Having the Same Function

In those cases where it is necessary to summarize in a single identification equipment with the same function and located in the same area or unit, the character "/" shall be used for separating the first from the last existing one.

Example:

In a unit in which there are 8 (eight) pig launchers LP-1223001A, LP-1223001B, LP-1223001C, LP-1223001D, LP-1223001E, LP-1223001F, LP- 1223001G, and LP-1223001H, the summarized identification of the group shall be LP-1223001A/H.

15.3.6. Driving Equipment Having

The identification shall be composed of the symbol for the driving equipment followed by the identification of the driven equipment, the 2 parts being separated by a hyphen.

Examples:

M-B-6210002 - Electric motor (M) which drives the second (002) pump (B) which belongs to area 6210.

TS-GE-5140001 - Gas Turbine (TS) which drives the first (001) electric power generator (GE) of area 5140.

15.3.7. Auxiliary Equipment

15.3.7.1. The identification of the auxiliary equipment of another main equipment shall be composed of an auxiliary equipment, symbol followed by a hyphen and by the complete identification of the main equipment. Example:

VE-F-2211002 - Fan (VE) of the second (002) furnace (F) of area 2211.

15.3.7.2. If there are 2 or more identical auxiliary equipment with the same function and connected to the same main equipment, the identification of each of the auxiliary equipment shall be completed by a capital letter, starting with A, following the identification of the main equipment, preceded by a hyphen. Examples:

B-C-5134003A-A and B-C-5134003A-B - 2 identical lubricating pumps (B) with the same function (A and B) of the third (003) compressor (C) of a group of identical compressors with the same function, which belongs to area 5134.

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- 15.3.7.3. Whenever there are 2 or more auxiliary equipment items, of the same type and connected to the same main equipment, but which are not identical to each other, the identification of each of the auxiliary equipment items shall be completed by 3 numbers from 001 to 999, following the identification of the main equipment and separated by a hyphen. Examples:
 - a) P-C-5134004-01 and P-C-5134004-02 First (01) and second (02) coolers (P) of the fourth (004) compressor (C), which belongs to area 5134.
 - b) B-C-5134001A Lubricating Oil Pump of compressor 001A of area 5134;
 - B-C-5134001B Lubricating Oil Pump of compressor 001B of area 5134.

Note: It should be briefly summarized as: B-C-5134001A/B.

- c) Identical pumps with the same function:
- B-C-5134001A-A Lubricating Oil Pump A of compressor 01A, which belongs to area 5134;
- B-C-5134001A-B Lubricating Oil Pump B of compressor 01A, which belongs to area 5134;
- B-C-5134001B-A Lubricating Oil Pump A of compressor 01B, which belongs to area 5134:
- B-C-5134001B-B Lubricating Oil Pump B of compressor 01B, which belongs to area 5134.

Note: It should be briefly summarized as: B-C-5134001A/B - A/B.

- d) Different pumps:
- B-C-5134001A-01 Pump 01 of compressor 001A, which belongs to area 5134;
- B-C-5134001A-02 Pump 02 of compressor 001A, which belongs to area 5134;
- B-C-5134001B-01 Pump 01 of compressor 001B, which belongs to area 5134;
- B-C-5134001B-02 Pump 02 of compressor 001B, which belongs to area 5134.

Note: It should be briefly summarized as: B-C-5134001A/B - 01/02.

e) Different pumps:

Identical pumps having the same function:

- B-C-5134001A-01A Pump 01A of compressor 001A, which belongs to area 5134;
- B-C-5134001A-01B Pump 01B do compressor 001A, which belongs to area 5134; Identical pumps with the same function:
- B-C-5134001A-02A Pump 02A of compressor 001A which belongs to area 5134;
- B-C-5134001A-02B Pump 02B of compressor 001A which belongs to area 5134; Identical pumps with the same function:
- B-C-5134001B-01A Pump 01A of compressor 001B, which belongs to area 5134;
- B-C-5134001B-01B Pump 01B of compressor 001B, which belongs to area 5134; identical pumps with the same function:

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- B-C-5134001B-02A Pump 02A of compressor 001B which belongs to area 5134;
- B-C-5134001B-02B Pump 02B of compressor 001B which belongs to area 5134.

Note: It should be briefly summarized as: B-C-5134001A/B - 01A/B02A/B.

15.3.8. Package Units

- 15.3.8.1. The identification of package units as a set shall be made in the same way as for equipment in general, with the symbols of the units indicated in item 15.4.
- 15.3.8.2. Whenever there is an interest in individually identifying the equipment comprising the package unit, their identification shall be composed of the equipment symbol followed by a hyphen and by the identification of the package unit and its sequential number.

Examples:

- a) UC-1231001A/B 2 Identical Compressor Package Units.
- b) C-UC-1231001A Compressor of Compressor Unit 001A of area 1231;
 C-UC-1231001A-A Compressor A of Compressor Unit 001A of area 1231;
 C-UC-1231001A-B Compressor B of Compressor Unit 001A of area 1231.
- v-UC-1231001A-01 Vessel 01 of Compressor Unit 001A of area 1231;
 v-UC-1231001A-02 Vessel 02 of Compressor Unit 001A of area 1231;
 v-UC-1231001A-01A Vessel 01A of Compressor Unit 001A of area 1231;
 v-UC-1231001A-01B Vessel 01B of Compressor Unit 001A of area 1231.

15.4. LIST OF EQUIPMENT CLASS SYMBOLS IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER

Table 4 - List of Equipment Class

Symbol	Equipment
A	Agitator, Mixer
AB	Shroud (control, sealing)
AC	Air Conditioner
AE	Aerator
AH	Hydraulic Accumulator
AL	Feeder (solids distributor)
AM	Sampler
AQ	Heater
AR	Quick Coupling (ships and mobile platforms – QCDC)
В	Pump
BC	Loading Arm (filling nozzle)



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Symbol	Equipment
ВСР	Capacitor Bank
BL	Scale
BOP	Well Head Safety Valves (Blowout Preventer)
BQ	Briquetter
BR	Crusher
BT	Storage Battery
С	Compressor
СВ	Storage Battery Charger
CBT	Terminal Block Box
CF	Frequency Converter
СН	Disconnecting Switch (dry and oil)
CI	Cyclone/Hydrocyclone
CM	Chimney, Stack
CN	Set of Cylinders and Flasks (e.g.: CO2, N2)
CO	Flood Gate, Sluice Gate
СР	Well Head
CX	Passage Box (electric systems)
CXP	Through-Out Concrete Boxes for Draining and Waste Treatment Purposes
D	Deaerator
DA	Decanter, Desander, Clarifier
DAA	Ventilation Damper (Watertight Dumper)
DB	Bus Bar Duct
DE	Electric Draining Equipment (Used in cathodic protection of pipelines)
DF	Fire Damper
DG	Tight Damper
DI	Diffuser
DJ	Circuit Breaker (medium and high voltage and relevant low voltage)
DL	Desalter
DMT	Modulating Damper
DR	Regulating Damper
DS	Mechanical Disintegrator
DSP	Overpressure Damper



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Symbol	Equipment
DT	Metal Detector
Е	Ejector, Eductor
EB	Lifeboat/Rescue Boat/Inflatable Liferaft
EF	Sphere
EG	Mist Eliminator
EL	Elevator (including movable ladders for access to ships)
EM	Handling equipment other than these already defined in this list
EP	Fork Lift Truck for Handling Solids (tilting, rotating)
ES	Extractor (scrap, metals, etc.)
EX	Extruder
EXT	Exhauster
F	Furnace
FH	Harmonics Filter
FL	Flotation Unit
FLC	Flocculator
FR	Brake
FT	Filter
G	Gas Meter
GA	Gasifier
GD	Crane
GE	Electric Power Generator
GG	Gas Generator
GN	Hoist or Capstan
GR	Grate
GV	Steam Generator [see regulatory standard No. 13 (NR-13)]
GVC	Boiler [see regulatory standard No. 13 (NR-13)]
Н	Hydrant
IN	DC/AC Inverter
JE	Expansion Joint
L	Scrubber
LP	Pig Launcher/Separator and Sphere (any type of pig)
LR	Pig Launcher/Receiver/Separator and Sphere (any type of pig)



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Symbol	Equipment
M	Electric motor
MA	Hose
MC	Internal Combustion Engine
MG	Machines in General
MH	Hydraulic Hammer (rock crusher)
MM	Material Mover (belt conveyer, bucket, helicoidal, screw)
MN	Monobuoy
MO	Grinder, Mill
МОН	Hydraulic Motor
MP	Pneumatic Motor
MR	Rotary Table
MV	Motorized Valve
P	Heat Exchanger (heater, reboiler, condenser, air cooler, cooler of air)
PA	Azimuthal Thruster
PCC	Direct Current Panel
PE	Sieve, Filtering Conveyor
PEH	Hydraulic Powered Watertight Door
PEM	Manual Watertight Door
PG	Steam Trap
PL	Lighting Panel
PLE	Emergency Lighting Panel
PLM	End-of-Line Manifold
PN	General Electric Panel (MCC, LDC, Switchboard)
PP	Precipitator
PR	Lightning Arrester
Q	Burner (torch)
R	Reactor, Regenerator
RC	Flame Arrester
RE	Retort
RF	Rectifier
RLC	Current Limiting Reactor
RM	Retaker



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Symbol	Equipment	
RP	Pig Receiver (any type of pig)	
RS	Grounding Resistor	
S	Dryer	
SA	Water Separator	
SAO	Water/Oil Separator	
SC	Centrifugal Separator	
SD	Condensate Separator	
SE	Substation	
SF	Soot Blower (ramonador)	
SG	Gas/Oil/Water Separator	
SGL	Gas/Mud Separator	
SI	Silo	
SL	Silencer	
ST	Soft Starter	
SP	Blower	
Т	Tower (distillation, fractionating, stripping, and so on)	
TA	Torch, Burner (flare)	
TB	Steam or Air Turbine	
TC	Current Transformer	
TD	Waste Discharge Pipe	
TE	Sewage Crusher (dejector)	
TF	Power and Distribution Transformer	
TFI	Instrument Feed Transformer	
TG	Turbogenerator (the GE symbol for a turbogenerator shall be preferred)	
TH	Hydraulic Turbine	
TL	Lighting Transformer	
TLE	Emergency Lighting Transformer	
TN	Overhead Traveling Crane, Hoisting Device	
TO	Oil Treater	
TP	Potential Transformer	
TQS	Storage or Mixing Tank	
TR	Cooling Tower	



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Symbol	Equipment	
TS	Gas Turbine	
TU	Davit	
UPS	Uninterruptible Power System	
UTR	Remote Terminal Unit	
UV	Closed Circuit TV Cameras	
V	Pressure Vessel, Drum	
VN	Louver	
VT	Air Supply Fan	
VS	Line Visor (Flow Visor)	
VV	Speed Variator (including reducer/multiplier)	
Z	Industrial Equipment not Included in this Technical Specification	

Table 5 - List of Symbols of Units (Package System)

Symbol	Equipment	
UA	Heating and Drying Unit	
UB	Pumping Unit	
UC	Compressor Unit	
UD	Water Desalting Unit	
UE	Electrochlorinating Unit	
UG	Electric Power Generating Unit	
UH	Hydraulic Unit	
UL	Liquefying and Reliquefying Unit	
UM	Fluid Mixing Unit	
UQ	Chemical Metering Unit	
UR	Cooling (or Refrigerating) Unit	
UT	Gas or Water Treating Unit	

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16. ANNEX 2 – FLUID SERVICE AND MATERIAL CODES

16.1. PROCESS FLUID SERVICES

Code	Service	
ADW	Aerated Dilution Water	
AM	Amine	
BG	Inert Gas	
CHW	Chilled Water	
CI	Chemical Injection (non-corrosive)	
CI2	DBNPA Biocide	
CN	Sodium Hypochlorite	
CNI	Corrosive Chemical Injection (Except Sodium Hypochlorite)	
D	Diesel	
DA	Open Drain	
DF	Closed Drain (Non-Corrosive hydrocarbon)	
DFC	Closed Drain (Corrosive Hydrocarbon)	
DO	Carbon Dioxide (DRY)	
DOH	Carbon Dioxide w/ Hydrocarbon	
DW	Distilled Water	
F	Safety System and Flare	
FG	Fuel Gas	
FL	Foam Line	
FLC	Concentrated Foam	
FP	Production and Drilling Fluid	
FW	Fire Water (Sea Water)	
G	Glycol	
GL	Refrigerated Liquified Petroleum Gases in Low Temperature	
Н	Hydraulic Fluid	
HF	Hot Fluid	
HWP	Process Heating Water	
HWU	Utility Heating Water	
IA	Instrumentation Air	
IG	Instrumentation Gas	
IGN	Ignition Line	
IN	Instrumentation Nitrogen	
IW	De-Aerated Sea Water Injection	
IWC	Aerated Sea Water Injection	
JF	Helicopter Refueling	
OL	Lubrificating Oil	



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Code	Service
Р	Process (non-corrosive hydrocarbon)
PC	Process (Corrosive Hydrocarbon)
PCW	Produced water
PW	Potable Water
PWH	Hot Fresh Water
s	Steam
SA	Service Air
sc	Steam Condensate
SFW	Fire Water (Fresh Water)
SN	Start-up Nitrogen
STA	Start-up Air
sw	Sea water
W	Industrial water

16.2. HULL FLUID SERVICES

CODE	SERVICE	LOCATION
		Balance line
AO	Slop discharge system	Dropline inside Slop Tanks
		All system
		Other Locations
BG	Inert Gas	Penetration pieces on main deck
		Pipe stack Stripping
BR	Bilge	All system
	290	Bottom Hull Penetration pieces up to intermediate valve.
BWG	Ballast and General Service	Other location
		Spool between sea-chests and sea valves
BWH	Ballast	Lines inside Ballast Tanks (Double Sides, Double Bottom and FWD Peak Tanks
		Other location
CHW	Chilled Water	Other location
CHVV	Crimed Water	Accommodation
		All system
CN	Hypochlorite Injection	If required by classification society
		Sea chest line
CNI	Corrosive chemical injection (Except Sodium Hypochlorite)	All system
cv	Cargo and Slop Tanks Closed Venting	All system
D	Diesel Oil	All system



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TAGGING PROCEDURE FOR PRODUCTION UNITS		SUP	
DESIGN - BOT	INT	ERNAL	

CODE	SERVICE	LOCATION
		Well service system
		Penetration piece between diesel tank and positive closing valve.
		Deck scupper
		Helideck drainage
DA	Open Drain	Oil Coaming Drain Lines
		All system
DF	Noncorrosive Closed Drain	All System (in the hull)
DFC	Corrosive Closed Drain	Side Shell and Bottom Hull Penetration pieces up to intermediate valve of deck seal discharge and inert gas generator scrubber discharge
		All System (in the hull)
DO	Carbon Dioxide	All system
DTH	Draught, Trim and Heel	Bottom Hull Penetration pieces up to intermediate valve.
	Indication System	All system
DW	Distilled water	All system
EG	Exhaust Gas	All system
FG	Fuel Gas	Other Areas
	i dei Gas	Hazardous Areas + Safe Areas
FL	Diluted Foam Line	Concentrated + sea water
FLC	Concentrated Foam Line	Concentrated
FW	Fire Water (aerated sea water)	All system
	The water (aerated sea water)	Overboard line (only for overboard lines inside the hull)
		Accommodations and Engine Room
GW	Grey Water	Other Lines
	Grey Water	Side Shell and Bottom Hull Penetration pieces up to intermediate valve.
н	Hydraulic Fluid	All system
- ''	Trydradiic Fidid	Hydraulic actuation for all pumps in the Cargo Pumps Package
IA	Instrumentation Air	All system
JF	Helicopter Refuelling	All system
OL	Lubricating Oil	All system
		All system
PCG	Cargo	Adjacent to Accommodation
		Cargo Pumps Header
PCW	Produced Water	Balance Line and Side Shell Penetration pieces up to intermediate valve.
		All system
PLD	Loading	All system
PW	Potable Water	Accommodation Other Lines
PWH	Hot Fresh Water	Accommodation
. ****	1 TOUT TOUT WATER	/ NOOTHING GROWN



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AREA:	SHEET: 72 of 73
TAGGING PROCEDURE FOR PRO	DUCTION UNITS ESUP
DESIGN - BOT	INTERNAL

CODE	SERVICE	LOCATION
		Other Lines
	Service Air	Spool piece of sea chest
SA	Service Air	All system
SN	Start Up Nitrogen	All system
		Other tanks venting
		Diesel tanks venting
SP	Vent and tank sounding	Spool between sea-chests and sea valves
		Diesel and Fresh Water tanks sounding
		Other tanks and Void spaces sounding
	•	All system
STA	Starting Air	Inert Gas System Blower
		Inert Gas Generator in hazardous areas
sw		All system
	Sea Water	Crossovers of Main Engine Room and Pump Room and its branches up to first flange, Side Shell and Bottom Hull Penetration pieces up to intermediate valve.
		Scrubber overboard
		Ballast Tanks, butterworth pump discharge
TC	Tank Cleaning	All system
TL	Tank level indication	All system
		All system
TR Tank Recirculation		Transference Header between Cargo Pumps Header connection and Offloading Header connection
	Fresh Water	Fresh Water Central Cooling
w		Fresh Water Hydrophore - Accommodation
		Fresh Water Hydrophore - Engine Room and Hull Generator
		Fresh Water Hydrophore - Other locations
		From Fresh Water Station up to Storage Tank
		Vacuum Lines (accommodation / engine room)
ww	Black Water	Side Shell and Bottom Hull Penetration pieces up to intermediate valve.
		Hazardous areas.

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TAGGING PROCEDURE FOR PRODUCTION UNITS		ESUP			
DESIGN - BOT		INTE	RNAI		

16.3. PIPING MATERIAL SPECIFICATION IDENTIFICATION – PRESSURE CLASS OR TYPE, MATERIAL AND OTHER CHARACTERISTICS

Material	Code YY	
Stainless Steel 316L	3	
Carbon Steel API 5L, 1,6mm	4	
Carbon Steel API 5L, 3,2mm	5	
Low Temperature Carbon Steel ASTM A333 Gr6 e ASTM A671 CC60, 1,6mm	6	
Cu-Ni 90/10	7	
Galvanized Carbon Steel API 5L	8	
Carbon Steel API 5L, 3,2mm	9	
Carbon Steel API 5L, 1,6mm	10	
Organic Coated Carbon Steel API 5L	11	
Super Duplex Steel UNS S32760	12	
Organic Coated Carbon Steel API 5L	14	
Duplex Steel UNS S31803	16	
Carbon Steel API 5L, 6,4mm	17	
Low Temperature Carbon Steel ASTM A333 Gr6 e ASTM A671 CC60, 3,2mm	19	
PVC	20	
CPVC	21	
FRP 90°C 10 bar	22	
FRP 90°C 16 bar	23	
FRP 120°C 16 bar	24	
RPVC	25	
FRP 120°C 16 bar	26	
FRP 85°C 16 bar	27	
Inconel 625 cladded Carbon Steel API 5L	30	
Alloy Steel 9Ni ASTM A 333 Gr8	31	
Inconel 625 cladded Alloy Steel 3 1/2Ni ASTM A 333 Gr3	32	
Inconel cladded Alloy Steel 9Ni ASTM A 333 Gr8	33	
Inconel 625 UNS N06625	40	

Pressure Class or Type	Code X
125	Α
150	В
300	С
600	Е
900	F
1500	G
2500	Н
10000	J
Gasket Mechanical Coupling (GMC)	R
Mechanically Attached Fittings (MAF)	S
Tubing	Т

Other characteristics	Code Z	
Reduced Pressure	R	
ASME B31.4 or B31.8	Р	
Hull Piping Spec.	Н	
Class 150	В	
Class 300	С	